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Structures and Bonding Properties of Halotriazines

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STRUCTURES AND BONDING PROPERTIES OF HALOTRIAZINES

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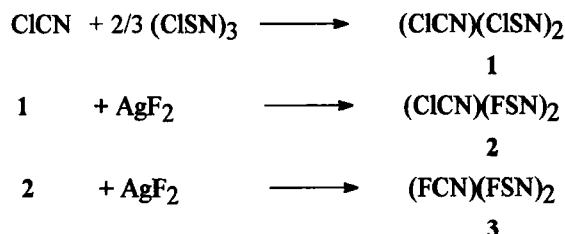
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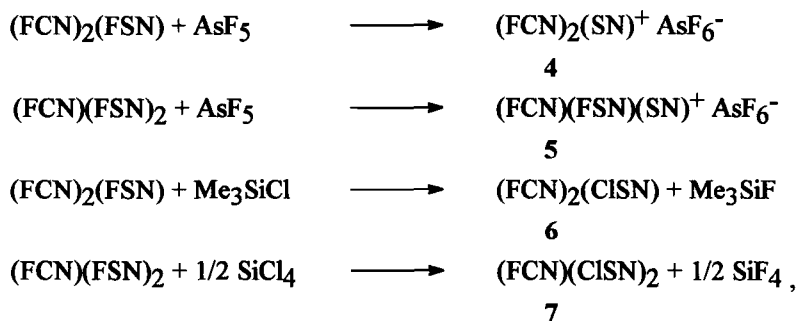
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Abstract Syntheses and structures of halotriazines (XCN)_n(XSN)_{3-n}, (XCN)_n(X₂PN)₃ and (XSN)_n(XS(O)N)_{3-n} (X = Cl, F; n = 0-3) are systematically investigated. From the structural data simple bonding models are derived.

Triazines (RAN)₃ with RA = RC, RS, RS(O) and R₂P are known in the literature[1,2]. Remarkable for this class of compounds is that the RA- units can be randomly exchanged. We are especially interested in ringhalogenated heterocycles (XAN)_n(XA'N)_{3-n} (with XA≠XA'= XC, XS, XS(O), X₂P and X=Cl, F) because here the special influence of the different building blocks on structure and reactivity can be directly compared. Recently we prepared (ClCN) (ClSN)₂ [3] the last missing member in the trichlorotriazine series



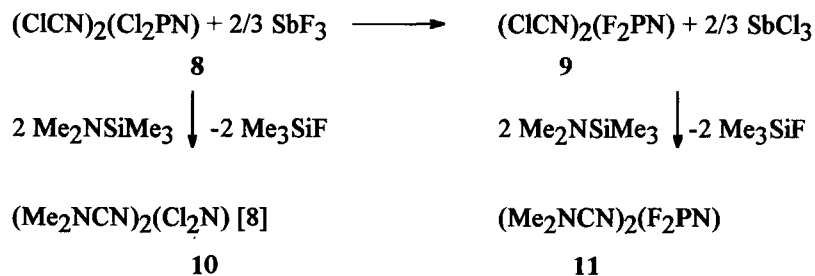
1 is fluorinated by AgF_2 to give **2**, primary attack at the sulfur is observed. When the reaction time is extended the fully fluorinated product **3** is isolated in high yield. Strong Lewis acids abstract sulfur bonded halogen to form stable salts, e.g.:



while weak chloroacids, e.g. Me_3SiCl or SiCl_4 , selectively exchange the sulfur bonded fluorine.

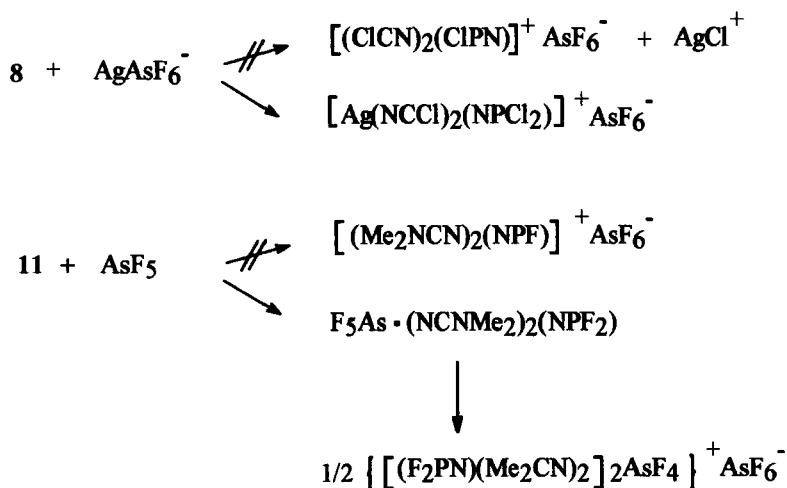
The x-ray structures of $(\text{ClCN})_n(\text{ClSN})_{3-n}$ ($n = 1-3$) [1] are reported and compared with $(\text{NSCl})_3$ [4], the complete fluoro series $(\text{FCN})_n(\text{FSN})_{3-n}$ ($n = 0-3$) [5] was investigated by electron diffraction. A bonding model for these triazines was developed to explain the experimental structures [3]. Comparison of the x-ray structures of **1**, **2**, **3**, and **7** shows, that ClF exchange has only little influence on the intramolecular bond distances.

In the chlorophosphazine system $(\text{ClCN})_n(\text{Cl}_2\text{PN})_{3-n}$ ($n = 1,2$) were prepared according to literature methods [6, 7], fluorination by SbF_3 and other fluorinating agents were only partially successful for $n = 2$.



The structures of $(\text{ClCN})(\text{Cl}_2\text{PN})_2$, **8-10** are reported. The dependence of the intramolecular bond distances in phosphotriazines $(\text{ClCN})_n(\text{Cl}_2\text{PN})_{3-n}$ can be described by a similar model as developed for the chlorotriazines.

The structure determination of **4** shows a planar $[(\text{FCN})(\text{SN})]^+$ -ring (similar to $[(\text{PhCN})_2(\text{SN})]^+$ [9], suggesting that the pseudo-three coordinated sulfur is part of the 6π -system. Attempts to abstract Cl^- or F^- in **8** or **11** from the tetracoordinated phosphorus were unsuccessful:



In the oxotrichlorotritriatriazine-system $(\text{NSCl})_n(\text{NS(O)Cl})_{3-n}$ [10,11] we recently reported the structures with $n = 1, 2$ [9] and that of $\beta\text{-(NS(O)Cl)}_3$ [12]. Now we succeeded in solving the structure of cis-(NS(O)F)_3 in the solid state and in the gasphase. Fluorination of $(\text{NSCl})_2(\text{NS(O)Cl})$ by AgF_2 is known to give $(\text{NSF})_2(\text{NS(O)Cl})$ [10], this rearranges slowly to $(\text{NSCl})_2(\text{NS(O)F})$ with an unusual long S(VI)-F bond.

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